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TITLE: Hormone Receptors in Breast Cancer Prognosis - Racial and Ouantitative Effects

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Form Approved REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE OMB No. 074-0188 Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing this collection of information. Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503 3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED 1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank) 2. REPORT DATE Annual (1 June 2001 - 31 May 2002) June 2002 5. FUNDING NUNUMBER 4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE DAMD17-00-1-0287 Hormone Receptors in Breast Cancer Prognosis -Racial and Quantitative Effects 6. AUTHOR(S) Carl Martin Tammemagi, Ph.D. 8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION 7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) REPORT NUMBER Henry Ford Health System Detroit, Michigan 48202 email - mtammem1@HFHS.org 10. SPONSORING / MONITORING 9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) AGENCY REPORT NUMBER U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-5012 11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE 12a. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for Public Release; Distribution Unlimited 13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 Words) Breast cancer survivors compose the largest group of cancer survivors in the United States. As heterogeneity exists within stages and between races in breast cancer survival, it is important to develop a better understanding of prognostic factors. Tumor estrogen and progesterone receptors are one of the more important prognostic factors in breast cancer patients. However, currently in clinical practice hormone receptor status is treated as either being present or absent and is treated similarly in all groups. The dichotomization of hormone status may lead to loss of valuable information and hormone receptor status may not have the same effect in African Americans and Whites. This historical cohort study evaluates quantitative differences in tumor hormone receptors in African Americans and Whites and determines whether survival effects differ between the two groups. This study also assesses whether a dose-response relationship, linear or nonlinear, exists between hormone receptors and survival. Findings of this study may

receptor negativity and a worse survival. 14. SUBJECT TERMS 15. NUMBER OF PAGES breast cancer, breast cancer survival, African American, estrogen 16. PRICE CODE receptor, progesterone receptor 18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION 17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION 19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION 20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT OF THIS PAGE Unclassified OF ABSTRACT Unlimited OF REPORT Unclassified Unclassified

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lead to better prediction of survival and to identification of subsets of patients at higher risk that may have gone unrecognized by the application of a single cutpoint. Our preliminary findings indicate that African American breast cancer patients have more estrogen

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INTRODUCTION

Breast cancer survivors compose the largest group of cancer survivors in the United States today. As considerable heterogeneity exists within stages and between racial/ethnic groups in breast cancer survival, it is important to develop a better understanding of prognostic factors. Estrogen and progesterone receptors in breast tumor tissue are regarded to be one of the more important prognostic factors in breast cancer patients. However, currently in clinical practice hormone receptor status is treated as either being present or absent and is treated similarly in all racial/ethnic groups. The dichotomization of hormone status may lead to loss of valuable information and hormone receptor status may not have the same effect in African Americans and whites. This historical cohort study evaluates quantitative differences in estrogen and progesterone receptors in the breast tumors of African Americans and Whites and determines whether survival effects differ between the two groups. This study will also assess whether a doseresponse relationship, linear or nonlinear, exists between quantitatively assessed hormone receptors and survival, as opposed to the currently popular dichotomized assessment of receptor status. Findings of this study may lead to better prediction of survival and to identification of subsets of patients needing particular clinical attention that may have gone unrecognized by applying a single cutpoint to all patients.

BODY

Year two of this three-year study has been completed and the items in the Statement of Work that should have been undertaken and/or completed are summarized in Table 1.

Table 1. Progress on items in the *Statement of Works* (Changes from the 2001 annual report are in **bold face type.**)

	Description	Planned time	Progress
Task 1	Initial establishment of study team, approach and issues	1 to 4 months	Completed
	Staff training	1 to 4 months	Completed
	Preparation of computer programs and study database	1 to 4 months	Completed
Task 2	Establish and Characterize Cohort	4 to 8 months	Completed
	Abstraction of Patient / Tumor Data From	4 to 28 months	
	Hormone receptor log book data		Computer entry completed
	Medical record abstraction		815 patients completed (~85%)
	Construction of computer entry system for record	:	Microsoft Access database
	abstracted data		entry forms written
	Data entry into computer databases		Records for 114 individuals
			have been entered
Task 3	SES estimates based on 1990 US Census data	12 to 28 months	Continuing
Task 4	Survival Data Collection From		
	Henry Ford Health System Tumor Registry	12 to 28 months	Initial completed, ongoing
	SEER	18 to 28 months	Initial completed, ongoing
	Michigan Death Index	18 to 28 months	Initial completed, ongoing
Task 5	Attend breast cancer conference	Year two	1 Attended / DoD upcoming

The current study staff consists of the following:

Project Staff

C. Martin Tammemagi – Principal Investigator
Chris Neslund-Dudas – Project Manager
Mary Ellen Frebes – Tumor registrar and quality assurance audits
Jonathon Mitchell- Database manager/programmer
Rick Krajenta – Programmer/ tumor registry data specialist

Medical Record Abstractors (Coordinator Ms. Cheryl Spoutz)

Roseanne Rose Karen Gerula Mary Beland Kay McGlynn

<u>Data Entry</u> Roseanne Rose Kim Beney Joan Broderick Barbara Harkness

Ms. Christine Neslund-Dudas, an Epidemiologist I, is helping manage the study, Mr. Richard Krajenta is in charge of the computer databases and data preparation, and Ms. Cheryl Spoutz heads a team of research abstractors who have a minimum of a two-year college degree in Health Information Management (HIM), have passed National Accreditation Examinations and are credentialed Registered Health Information Technicians (RHIT).

In year two of this study approximately 815 patient records were requested, obtained and abstracted. Incomplete or no records were obtained for 130 individuals after three repeat attempts. We are making vigorous efforts to locate these records.

Ms. Mary Ellen Frebes has joined the study in the last year. She is a certified tumor registrar (National Cancer Registrars Association) with 15 years of experience and is also a RHIT. Her role is to assure the quality of all vital statistics and staging data. She reviews each patient's completed abstract form and verifies all questionable data and

completes incomplete data by accessing data in the Henry Ford Health System (HFHS)

Tumor Registry, the Surveillance, Epidemiology and End Results (SEER) Tumor Registry

and the Social Security Death Index. Dr. Tammemagi also reviews each completed

abstraction form for completeness and consistency. Currently, Dr. Tammemagi is carrying

out all statistical analyses.

Jonathon Mitchell, a computer programmer, has written computer data entry forms using Microsoft Access. A representative sampling is presented in Appendix 1. The initial beta version has been tested and upgraded to the mature product in current use. A team of four data entry personnel has been trained. The reliability and accuracy of data entry was evaluated initial and will be re-evaluated at regular intervals. To date, the abstracted data of 114 patients have been entered into the computer database.

The study staff meets biweekly to discuss any issues, problems or concerns. Dr. Tammemagi or Ms. Neslund-Dudas is available to all staff to provide immediate responses to problems as they arise.

All available estrogen and progesterone hormone receptor data for breast cancer patients have been manually transcribed from the laboratory notebooks of the Department of Clinical Biochemistry into a Microsoft Access database. Information pertinent to this study was extracted from the HFHS Tumor Registry and was placed into another Microsoft Access file. Survival data has been collected from the HFHS Tumor Registry. Survival and other relevant clinicopathologic data have been collected from the Detroit SEER Tumor Registry. Also, death data for the breast cancer cohort has been downloaded from the Michigan Death Registry files and includes deaths up until the year 1999.

Socioeconomic status (SES) data was estimated for breast cancer patients in the HFHS Tumor Registry based on patient's address at diagnosis and the block group

medium household income (BGMHI) derived from the 1990 US Census. So far we have obtained SES estimates for approximately 70% of individuals, which is below what we have obtained in several past studies. We are currently assessing updated versions of MapMarker® and MapInfo® geocoding programs useful in providing census-based aggregate estimates of SES. It is anticipated that these programs will provide more complete data as well as a wider range of SES estimators.

We are on track to having all data collection and clean up completed by fall of 2002, whence analysis will begin. Statistical analysis, writing of manuscripts and dissemination of study results are expected to be completed by the end of the third study year, as planned.

This year Dr. Tammemagi attended and presented the following:

Tammemagi CM, C. Neslund-Dudas, M. Simoff, P. Kvale. Comorbidity explains some of the race difference in lung cancer survival. National Institutes of Health / American Cancer Society's Cancer Survivorship: Resilience across the lifespan. June 2, 2002, Washington, D.C.

Although these findings concerns lung cancer survival, they deal with a topic pertinent to the current study of racial/ethnic differences in breast cancer survival. Valid survival studies must take into consideration the effects of important prognostic factors in addition to the one under study. We have recently shown that comorbidity is the third most important predictor of survival in lung cancer patients, following stage and treatment, and it in part explains some of the racial/ethnic difference in lung cancer survival (Appendix 2). We have augmented the data collection procedures for this study to include comorbidity data to make possible assessment and adjustment for comorbidity (Appendix 3).

Dr. Tammemagi will be attending the Era of Hope meeting in September 2002.

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REPORTABLE OUTCOMES: NA.

CONCLUSIONS

It is too early into the study to draw any substantive or methodologic conclusions.

APPENDIX 1. Sample of Computer Database Entry Forms (Microsoft Access)

FCC - Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival Abstraction Form, V. Feb. 27, 2002
StudylD Discussion
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION/SUMMARY If the chart information was incomplete or insufficient, choose 'Yes' and specify below If the chart information was incomplete or insufficient, choose 'Yes' and specify below
Comments
What is the date on the first record for this patient (not limited to the abstraction period) [04/19/1982] In the 5 years prior to diagnosis, for how many years were records abstracted [1]
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Jarding ALCOHOL consumption the records indicate the following. Abstained from alcohol / No consumption (<1/mth) Mid use (past or present) (1-13 drinks/month) Moderate use (past or present) (4-14 drinks/wk) Past heavy use (>14 drinks/wk) Current heavy use (>14 drinks/wk) Heavy use, not otherwise specified (>14 drinks/wk) Alcohol was consumed by not quantified record shows "0" No alcohol data were available		

JFCC - Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival Abstraction Form, V. Feb. 27, 2002

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ALCOHOL USE (documented 5 years before to 3 years after diagnosis)

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& Breast Cancer Survival	StudyID [DA67701847]	S (ICD 280-289)	0 = No, 1 = Yes	0 = No, 1 = Yes	0 = No, 1 = Yes	0 = No, 1 = Yes	$0 = N_0, T = Y_{\theta}s$	0 = No, 1 = Yes	Back			
JFCC - Hormone Receptors		(4) DISEASES OF THE BLOOD AND BLOOD-FORMING ORGANS (ICD 280-289)	CM59-Deficiency and other or unspecified anemi	CM60-Acute post-hemorrhagic anemi	CM61-Sickle cell anemia	CM62-Coagulation and hemorrhagic disorder	CM63-Diseases of white blood cell	CM64-Other hematologic conditions, including spleen disorder	Ba			

Abstraction Form, V. Feb. 27, 2002 Date: Date: JFCC - Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival 1002 StudyID BODY SIZE INFORMATION (exclude data during pregnancy) Pre-diagnosis weight closest to diagnosis date (pounds) Maximum Height (inches)

JFCC - Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival Abstraction Form, V. Feb. 27, 2002

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PATIENT HISTORY OF BREAST LESIONS BEFORE THE INDEX BREAST CANCER

9 = Unknown		Benign Breast Disease (BBD) Ductal Carcinoma In Situ (DCIS) I obular Carcinoma In Situ (ICIS)		8. Cosmetic Breast Enlargement 9. Other Breast Biopsy (epithelial biopsy of breast skin, nipple, fat, axiliary lymph nodes, etc. etc. 90. Incomplete/Inco							
0 = No 1 = Yes		JR) Specify Left or Right	Specify Left or Right	Specify Left or Right	Specify Left or Right	Specify Left or Right	Specify Left or Right	Specify Left or Right	Specify Left or Right	Specify Left of Right	
oughout patient records	• below:	Results (specify L/R)									
Breast Biopsy History throughout patient records	if yes, complete table below:	Dates:									

StudyID 242547F

CASE DESCRIPTION AND EPIDEMIOLOGIC DATA

	is date here:	iagnosis dates exist? 0 = No. 1 = Yes			s of invasive breast cancer, STOP	
	0 = No, 1 = Yes If Yes, record original JFCC diagnosis date here:	If No, do alternative breast cancer diagnosis dates exist?	Alternative diagnosis date1 Alternative diagnosis date2	Alternative diagnosis date3	If you are unable to confirm diagnosis of invasive breast cancer, STOP REVIEW and consult with investigator.	
ONFIRMATION OF CASE STATUS	there evidence in the chart that the patient was diagnosed in breast cancer or suspicion of invasive breast cancer on e same date (or within 2 weeks of the date) as it appears as e "Diagnosis Date" for the Josephine Ford Cancer Registry					

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Abstraction Form, V. Feb. 27, 2002 JFCC - Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival

StudyID

(7) DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM (ICD 390-459)

CM99-If yes, specify 0 = No, 1 = Yes 0 = No, 1 = Yes CM100-How long ago was most recent MI? - months CM100-How long ago was most recent MI? - years 0 = No, 1 = Yes0 = No, 1 = Yes 0 = No, 1 = Yes0 = No, 1 = YesCM97-Peri-, endo-, and myocarditis, cardiomyopathy (except that caused by tuberculosis or ST CM115D-Aortic, peripheral, visceral artery neourysms - Was it surgically corrected CM115B-Aorlic, peripheral, visceral artery aneurysms - If yes, where was it locate CM115C-Aortic, peripheral, visceral artery aneurysms - What was its size? ___ c 0 = No, 1 = Yes0 = No, 1 = Yes 0 = No, 1 = Yes0 = No, 1 = Yes0 = No, 1 = Yes 0 = No, 1 = Yes 0 = No, 1 = Yes 0 = No, 1 = Yes0 = No, 1 = Yes 0 = No, t = Yes0 = No, 1 = Yes0 = No, 1 = Yes 0 = No, 1 = Yes0 = No, 1 = Yes 0 = No, 1 = Yes0 = No, 1 = Yes 0 = No, 1 = Yes CM102-Angina (non-specific or non-angina chest pain is coded under #322 CM113-Late effects of cerebrovascular disease, i.e., plegia or hemiplegi CM99-Hypertension with complications and secondary hypertensio 0 = No, 1 = Yes0 = No, 1 = Yes0 = No, 1 = Yes CM116-Aortic and peripheral arterial embolism or thrombo CM101-Coronary atherosclerosis and other heart diseas CM117-Other circulatory disease, including hypertensio CM118-Phiebitis, thrombophiebitis and thromboembolis CM111-Other and ill-defined cerebrovascular diseas CM115-Aortic, peripheral, visceral artery aneurysm CM110-Occlusion or stenosis of precerebral arterie CM103-Pulmonary heart disease (cor pulmonal CM121-Other diseases of veins and lymphatic CM114-Peripheral and visceral atherosclerosi CM107-Cardiac arrest or ventricular fibrillatio CM106-Cardiac dysrhythmias/ arrhythmia CM119-Varicose veins of lower extremit CM104-Other or ill-defined heart diseas CM109-Acute cerebrovascular disease CM112-Transient cerebral Ischemi CM108-Congestive heart failur CM98-Essential hypertensio CM96-Heart valve disorders CM105-Conduction disorder CM100-Myocardial infractio CM120-Hemorrhoid

Next

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JFCC - Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival	Abstraction Form, V. Feb. 27, 2002	
<u></u>	Last 3-digits of MRN 810	
COMORBIDITIES Please document all the commorbidite (Indicate Yes"=1") that the patient had a history of in their record from	nistory of in their record from 3 years prior to diagnosis to 6 months following diagnosis or until the first treatment, where peen present during this period, it just needed to be documented in the medical records during this time period	from 3 years prior to diagnosis to 6 months following diagnosis or until the first treatment, which ever a this period, it just needed to be documented in the medical records during this time period.
	and its duration, please write it down beside its listing on the abstraction form	listing on the abstraction form.
For diagnosis/occurrence, please specify the year or date.		
For duration please specify the number of years/months. The systems are listed in the following order:		
(1) Infectious and Parasitic Diseases 0 = Null 1 = Yes	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and mouth
(2) Previous Neoplasms	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
(3) Endocrine, Nutrional/Metabolic Diseases, Immunity Disorders	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
(4) Diseases of the Blood and Blood-Forming Organs	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
(5) Mental Disorders 0 = Null 1 = Yes	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
(6) Diseases of the Nervous System Sense Organs	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
(7) Diseases of the Circulatory System 0 = Null 1 = Yes	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
(8) Diseases of the Respiratory System $0 = Null$ $1 = Yes$	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
(9) Diseases of the Digestive System 0 = Null 1 = Yes	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
IIIN = 0	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
(11) Complications of Pregnancy, Childbirth, and the PuerPerlum	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
(12) Diseases of the Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
(13) Diseases of Musculoskeletal and Connective Tissue	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
(14) Congenital Anomalies 0 = Null 1 = Yes	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
(15) Certain Conditions Originating in the Perinatal Period $0 = Null$ $1 = Yes$.	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and months
(16) Injury/Trauma Poisoning	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and months
(17) Symptoms and Signs of the Index cancer, and ILL-DEFINED CONDITIONS $0 = Null = Yes$	Diagnosis/Occurrence-Date and year	Duration-years and month
		化分类剂 化氯磺胺苯酚 化温度相同泛液酶 南京本名數於於 测测法的分数 医影亮的现在分词



(14) CONGENITAL ANOMALIES (ICD 740-759)

CM213-Cardiac and circulatory anomalie

CM214-Digestive congenital anomalie

CM215-Genitourinary congenital anomalie

CM216-Nervous system congenital anomalie

CM217-Other congenital anomalie

0 = No, 1 = Yes0 = No, 1 = Yes

0 = No, 1 = Yes

0 = No, 1 = Yes

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(9) DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM (ICD 520-579)		
CM135-Intestinal infectio	0 = No, 1 = Yes	
CM136-Disorders of teeth and ja	0 = No, 1 = Yes	
CM137-Diseases of mouth, excluding denta	0 = No, 1 = Yes	
CM138-Esophageal disorder	0 = No, 1 = Yes	
CM139-Gastroduodenal ulcer (except hemorrhage	0 = No, 1 = Yes	
CM140-Gastritis and duodeniti	0 = No, '1 = Yes	
CM141-Other disorders of stomach and duodenu	$0 = N_0$, $T = Y_{\Theta}$ s	
CM142-Appendicitis and other appendiceal conditions	$0 = N_0$, $T = Yes$	
CM143-Abdominal herni 0 = No, 1 = Yes	CM143-If yes, was it accompanied by obstruction or gangrene?	1e? 0 = No, 1 = Yes
CM144-Regional enteritis and ulcerative colitis, including infl	CM144-Regional enteritis and ulcerative colitis, including inflammatory bowel diseases, such as Crohn's disease ulcerative colitis	0 = No, 7 = Yes
CM145-Intestinal obstruction without hernla, e.g., paralytic ileus, impaction, adhesion	0= No. 1= Yes	CM145-If yes, specify
CM146-Diverticulosis and diverticuliti	0 = No, 7 = Yes	
CM147-Anal and rectal conditions	0 = No, 1 = Yes	
CM148-Peritonitis and intestinal absces	$0 = No, \ T = 96s$	
CM149-Billary tract disease, e.g., cholecystitis, cholelithiasis	0 = No, 7 = Yes	
CM150-Liver disease, alcohol-relate	0 = No, 1 = Yes	
CM151-Other liver diseases, e.g., liver disease or cirrhosis without mention of alcohol, liver abscess, ascit	ithout mention of alcohol, liver abscess, ascit $0 = N_0$, $t = Y_0$ s	Yes
CM152-Pancreatic disorders (not diabetes	0 = No. 1 = Yes	
CM153-Gastrointestinal hemorrhag $\begin{bmatrix} 0 = No, 1 \end{bmatrix}$	= Yes CM153-If yes, specify.	
CM154-Noninfectious gastroenteriti 0 = No. 1	= Y6s	
CM155-Other gastrointestinal disorders, e.g., constipation, dysphagi	/sphagi	ecify.

INFE	INFECTIOUS AND PARASITIC DISEASES (ICD 001-139)	No = 0 the	No = 0 the default, YES = 1		
CM1	CM1 Tuberculosis	No = 0, Yes =1	Is this a recen	Is this a recent infection (< 3 years old) or an active infection under treatment?	nder treatment?
CM2	Septicemia (except in labor)	No = 0, Yes =1			
CM3	CM3 Bacterial infection, unspecified site	No = 0, Yes =1			
CM4	CM4 Mycoses	No = 0, Yes =1			
CM5	HIV infection/AIDS	No = 0, Yes =1			
СМ6	Hepatitis (infectious, not primarily alcohol-related, see #150)	1150)	No = 0, Yes =1	Hepatitis virus: A,B,C,D,E,G, or othe	0=A, 1=B, 2=C, 3=D, 4=E, 5=G,
CM7	CM7 Viral infection (not hepatitis)	No = 0, Yes =1			6=Other
CM8	Other infections, including parasitic	No = 0, Yes =1			
CM9	CM9 Sexually transmitted infections = STD (not HIV or hepatitis)	títis)	No = 0, Yes =1		
CM10	CM10 Immunizations and screening for infectious disease	And the second s	No = 0, Yes=1	If yes, specify immunizatio	
CM2	CM248 Gangrene No = 0, Yes = 1				

list all medications taken by the pat	ient for 3 years prior to the breast cancer diagnosis.	
the oral contraceptives_hormone rep	Indication why it was given	Estimate usage 1 = Short term (< 6 months 2 = Long term (>= 6 month 9 = unknown
ALDACTAZIDE	HTN	2
ZYLOPRIM	9	21
NALFON	KNEE PAIN	
CLINORIL	BURSITIS	
NAPROSYN	JOINT PAIN	
		

Pr Survival Abstraction Form, V. Feb. 27, 2002	StudyID <u>[0367281.0]</u>) (ICD 760-779)	0 = No, 1 = Yes	0 = No, 1 = Yes	0 = No, 1 = Yes	0 = No, 1 = Yes	0 = No, 7 = Yes		0 = No, 1 = Yes	Next		
JFCC - Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival	16	(15) CERTAIN CONDITIONS ORIGINATING IN THE PERINATAL PERIOD (ICD 760-779)	CM218-Liveborn	CM219-Short gestation, low birth weight, and fetal growth retardatio	CM220-Intrauterine hypoxia and birth asphyxi	CM221-Respiratory distress syndrom	CM222-Hemolytic jaundice and perinatal jaundic	CM223-Birth traum	CM224-Other perinatal condition			

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(8) DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM (ICD 460-519)	0-519
CM122-Pneumonia (except that caused by tuberculosis or sexually transmitted diseas	or sexually transmitted diseas $0 = N_0$, $t = Y_{\theta}s$
CM123-Influenza	0 = No, 1 = Yes
CM124-Acute and chronic tonsilitis	0 = No, $1 = Yes$
CM125-Acute bronchitis	0 = No, 1 = Yes
CM126-Other upper respiratory infection	0 = No, 1 = Yes CM126-If yes, specify:
CM127-Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease bronchiectasi	ectasi 0 = No, 1 = Yes
CM127B-COPD otherwise not specifie	0= No, 1 = Yes
CM127C-Emphysem	$0 = N_0$, $t = Y_0$ 8
CM127D-Chronic bronchiti	・ The Notation of the Notati
CM127E-Bronchiectasis	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
CM128-Asthm 0 = No, 7 = Yes	《花香·香·花香·花香·香·香·香·香·香·香·香·香·香·香·香·香·香·香·
CM304-Pulmonary fibrosis/intestinal lung disease	0 = No, 1 = Yes
CM129-Aspiration pneumonitis, food/vomitu	0 = No, 1 = Yes
CM130-Pleurisy, pneumothorax, pulmonary collapse (atelectasi	ieleciasi
CM131-Respiratory failure, insufficiency, arrest (adul	$0 = N_0, t = Y_{\Theta}s$
CM132-Lung Disease due to external agents, including pneu	moconios
CM133-Other lower respiratory diseas	0=No, 1 = Yes
CM134-Other upper respiratory diseas	0 = No. 1 = Yes
	Back

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Abstraction Form, V. Feb. 27, 2002							
V. Feb.							
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straction		0 = No. 1 = Yes 0 = No. 1 = Yes	0 = No, 1 = Yes	0 = No, $t = Yes$			
		0 0 V	V = 0	V=0			
rvival	Distriction of the second of t	Page 1 2000		№ 2000000 Mass	Next		
er Su	StudyID 80-709)	S S					
Cano	89 (ICD 88	s or abso			Back		
ors & Breast Cancer Survival	StudyliC CUTANEOUS TISSUE (ICD 680-709)	infections, e.g., cellulitis or abscess f ski					
S & B	TANEOU	tions, e.g					
eptor	SUBCU	ssue infec ion of ski					
Rec	KIN AND	aneous tis ory condit	skin	Jisonder			
mone	F THE S	d subcuta	ulcer of	kin disorc			
FCC - Hormone Recept	EASES O	CM197-Skin and subcutaneous tissue infec	CM199-Chronic ulcer of skin	CM200-Other skin disorder			
JFCC.	(12) DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND SUB	CM19	CM19	CM20			

APPENDIX 2.

Comorbidity Explains Some of the Race Difference in Lung Cancer Survival

C. M. Tammemagi, C. Neslund-Dudas, M. Simoff, P. Kvale Josephine Ford Cancer Center, Detroit, MI 48202

BACKGROUND

Lung cancer, the commonest cause of cancer death in North America, generally has a grave prognosis, which is worse in Blacks compared to Whites. The purpose of this study was to determine whether comorbidity explains some of the race difference in survival.

METHODS

A historical cohort study was carried out of 1155 lung cancer patients diagnosed at the Henry Ford Health System (HFHS) between 1995 and 1998. Sociodemographic, exposure, clinicopathologic, treatment and survival data were collected by abstraction of medical records and from the HFHS Tumor Registry. Fifty-six comorbidities were studied.

RESULTS

19 comorbidities were associated with survival: HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, previous metastatic cancer, thyroid/glandular diseases, electrolyte imbalance, anemia, other blood diseases, dementia, neurologic disease, congestive heart failure, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, asthma, pulmonary fibrosis, liver disease, gastrointestinal bleeding, renal disease, connective tissue disease, osteoporosis and peripheral vascular disease. Only the latter was protective. The occurrence of at least one of the 18 deleterious comorbidities occurred in 64.0% of women and 59.9% of men (p = 0.16), and 65.4% of Blacks and 59.0% of Whites (p = 0.03). The unadjusted hazard ratio for race (Black vs. White) was 1.203 (95% CI 1.05-1.38, p = 0.008) and adjusted for all 19 predictive comorbidities was 1.156 (95% CI 1.00-1.33, p = 0.05), a decline of 23.1%.

CONCLUSION

The higher prevalence of deleterious comorbidities in Blacks explains some of their overall poorer lung cancer survival.

APPENDIX 3. Revised Abstraction Form

JFCC -- Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival Abstraction Form, V. February 27, 2002 Study ID #: Abstraction Date: / / _ Abstraction Time: (use month/day/ year throughout) Abstractor ID: CASE DESCRIPTION & EPIDEMIOLOGIC DATA CONFIRMATION OF CASE STATUS Is there evidence in the chart that the patient was If Yes→ Continue. diagnosed with breast cancer or suspicion of Record original JFCC dx date here: ___/__/___ invasive breast cancer on the same date (or within 2 weeks of the date) as it appears as the "Diagnosis If No → Do alternative breast cancer diagnosis dates exist? Date" for the Josephine Ford Cancer Registry? Please enter the dates here: 1. ___/__/_____ 2. ___/__/____ If you are unable to confirm diagnosis of invasive breast cancer, STOP REVIEW and consult with investigator. (Complete only if it differs from that provided, i.e., JFCC Tumor Registry data) SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC DATA Name Last: First: Middle Initial: Address at diagnosis: Street Address City State ZIP Code Current address, if different from diagnosis address Street Address City State ZIP Code Date of Birth: ____/___/______ 4 = AsianRace 5 = Pacific Islander or Native Hawaiian 1 = White2 = Black / African American 6= Other, specify_____ 9 = Unknown3 = American Indian or Alaskan Native Ethnicity 0= Non-Hispanic 1 = Hispanic Marital Status at diagnosis 1= Married or living as married 2 = Not married2a = Single (never married)

9= Unknown

2b = Divorced or legally separated

2c = Widowed

JFCC -- Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival Abstraction Form, V. February 27, 2002

BODY SIZE INFORMATION (exclude data during pregnancy) Date: / / Maximum Height (inches): ______ Date: / ___/___ Pre-diagnosis weight closest to diagnosis date (pounds): **REPRODUCTIVE / ENDOCRINE HISTORY** (Mark NA if data are not available) Age at menarche (years) Menopausal status at diagnosis. 01= Pre-menopausal 02= Peri-menopausal (Transition between pre- & post-menopause. Menstrual cycles irregular, hot flashes.) 03= Post-menopausal When did menopause occur? ______Year/age/years ago? 04= Hysterectomy. Number of ovaries removed? ______ Date of surgery: ___/___/____ 99=Undetermined Parity (# of live births) as of the diagnosis date. If pre-menopausal, record the number of post-diagnosis live births 0=No 1=Yes 9=Unknown Did the patient use hormone contraceptives? Start date of use: ___/__/____ Type: 1=Birth Control Pills Length of time (years): 2=Shots or Injections Product Name: _____ 3=Subdermal Implants Start date of use: ___/__/___/ Type: 1=Birth Control Pills Length of time (years): 2=Shots or Injections Product Name: _____ 3=Subdermal Implants Start date of use: ___/__/____ Type: 1=Birth Control Pills Length of time (years): 2=Shots or Injections Product Name: 3=Subdermal Implants Did the patient use hormone replacement therapy? 0=No 1=Yes 9=Unknown Start date of use: ___/__/____ 1=Estrogen Alone Length of time (years): 2=Estrogen plus Progesterone Product Name: 3=Progesterone Alone 4=Other Start date of use: ___/__/___/ 1=Estrogen Alone Length of time (years): 2=Estrogen plus Progesterone Product Name: 3=Progesterone Alone 4=Other Start date of use: ___/__/____ 1=Estrogen Alone Length of time (years): 2=Estrogen plus Progesterone Product Name: 3=Progesterone Alone

4=Other

JFCC -- Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival Abstraction Form, V. February 27, 2002

Is there a family history of breast cancer? $1 = Ye$	es, there is a noted family history
(0,0,0,0)	
(BRCA) $2=Nc$	o, there is a noted negative family history of BRCA
$8 = r\epsilon$	cord shows "Ø"
9=Un	determined, not documented

N	ИL.	Δ λ	ÆΝ	ΛN	CR	Δ	PHY	HIS	TO	RI	7

Mammography History f yes, complete the follo	_	first treatment:	0=No 1=Yes 9=Unknown
Dates:	Resu	ilts:	Results Key
	Left	Right	
//			1= Negative
·			2= Benign/Negative
·//			3= Probably Benign
·			4= Suspicious
·//			5= Highly Suspicious
·			8= Incomplete/Inconclusive
0///			9= Unknown
2. — / — — / — —			
			,

PATIENT HISTORY OF BREAST LESIONS BEFORE THE INDEX BREAST CANCER

Breast Biopsy Histor	y throughout patient record	ds
0=No 9=Unknown		Key to Results:
1=Yes If yes, complet	e table below	1. Benign Breast Disease (BBD)
Dates	Results (specify L/R)	2. Ductal Carcinoma In Situ (DCIS)
/ /		3. Lobular Carcinoma In Situ (LCIS)
		4. Both BBD and CIS/Cancer
		5. Invasive Carcinoma (specify histopathologic type)
	·	6. Lumpectomy or Mastectomy (unilateral or bilateral)
		not further specified
//		7. Cosmetic Breast Reduction
//		8. Cosmetic Breast Enlargement
//		9. Other Breast Biopsy (epithelial biopsy of breast
//		skin, nipple, fat, axillary lymph nodes, etc.)
/		99. Incomplete/Inconclusive Unknown

JFCC -- Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival Abstraction Form, V. February 27, 2002 SYMPTOMS AND LEAD-UP TO THE DIAGNOSIS OF BREAST CANCER When was the first time that a suspicion of breast cancer for this index case of breast cancer was documented in medical records or indicated by a medical procedure? ___/___/_____ Did patient report breast symptoms? 101=Yes > If yes, please continue with the next question. ☐ 02=No. Explicit mention of no symptoms → If no, skip to next box. ☐ 99=No comment about symptoms → Skip to next box. L R Unk Patient Reported Breast **Date Documented** Duration (mths) □ □ □ 01=Lump or mass Symptoms (Indicate all that apply.) □ □ □ 02=Pain Specify: ☐ ☐ 03=Nipple discharge □ □ □ 04=Visual change □ □ □ 05=Odor □ □ □ 88=Other, specify: ☐ ☐ ☐ 99=Unspecified PATHOLOGY SUMMARIES of the specimens related to the index breast cancer. If cytology, biopsy and surgical excision were involved, please complete for each procedure. **CYTOLOGY** L R Unk Results □ □ □ 00=Insufficient sample (Indicate all that apply for each breast.) Date of procedure: ___/__/___/ □ □ □ 01=Normal cells ☐ ☐ 02=Atypical cells □ □ □ 03=Abnormal cells □ □ □ 04=Malignant cells. specify type □ □ □ 88=Other, specify: Photocopy report masking patient identifiers ☐ ☐ 99=Undetermined □ □ □ 00=Insufficient sample (Indicate all that apply for each breast.) □ □ □ 01=Normal cells Date of procedure: ___/__/___/ □ □ □ 02=Atypical cells □ □ □ 03=Abnormal cells □ □ □ 04=Malignant cells, specify type

Photocopy report masking patient identifiers

Date of procedure: ___/__/___/

Photocopy report masking patient identifiers

(Indicate all that apply for each breast.)

□ □ 88=Other, specify:

□ □ 88=Other, specify:

□ □ □ 99=Undetermined
□ □ □ 00=Insufficient sample

□ □ □ 01=Normal cells

□ □ □ 02=Atypical cells
 □ □ 03=Abnormal cells
 □ □ 04=Malignant cells, specify type

□ □ □ 99=Undetermined

JFCC -- Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival Abstraction Form, V. February 27, 2002 Continued, PATHOLOGY SUMMARY of the specimens related to the index breast cancer.

· If cytology, biopsy & surgical excision were involved complete for each procedure.

HISTOPATHOLOGY FROM BIOPSY	I D Hala Danulda
	L R Unk Results
(Indicate <u>all</u> that apply for <u>each</u> breast.)	☐ ☐ 01= Atypical hyperplasia
	☐ ☐ 02= Ductal hyperplasia
Date of procedure: / /	☐ ☐ 03= Fibroadenoma
	☐ ☐ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS)
	□ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS)
	□ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified
	☐ ☐ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC)
	□ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS
	☐ ☐ ☐ 09= Invasive lobular carcinoma
	☐ ☐ 10= Mucinous carcinoma
	☐ ☐ 11= Medullary carcinoma
	☐ ☐ 12= Papillary carcinoma
	☐ ☐ 13= Tubular carcinoma
Distance was a most in a nation identifier	☐ ☐ 14= Adenoid cystic carcinoma
Photocopy report masking patient identifiers	☐ ☐ ☐ 15= Secretory (juvenile) carcinoma
	☐ ☐ 16= Apocrine carcioma
	☐ ☐ 17= Paget's disease of the nipple
	☐ ☐ ☐ 18= Invasive cancer, NOS
	☐ ☐ ☐ 19= Cystosarcoma phyllodes
	□ □ 88= Other, specify:
	□ □ 99= Undetermined
HISTOPATHOLOGY SURGICAL EXICISION	L R Unk Results
(Indicate all that apply for each breast.)	☐ ☐ 01= Atypical hyperplasia
(massess mass apply 100 masses)	□ □ 02= Ductal hyperplasia
Date of procedure:///	□ □ □ 03= Fibroadenoma
	U U U3- Fibroadenoma
	☐ ☐ ☐ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS)
	☐ ☐ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS)☐ ☐ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS)
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC)
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC) □ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC) □ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS □ □ 09= Invasive lobular carcinoma
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC) □ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS □ □ 09= Invasive lobular carcinoma □ □ 0 10= Mucinous carcinoma
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC) □ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS □ □ 09= Invasive lobular carcinoma □ □ 10= Mucinous carcinoma □ □ 11= Medullary carcinoma
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC) □ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS □ □ 09= Invasive lobular carcinoma □ □ 10= Mucinous carcinoma □ □ 11= Medullary carcinoma □ □ 12= Papillary carcinoma
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC) □ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS □ □ 09= Invasive lobular carcinoma □ □ 10= Mucinous carcinoma □ □ 11= Medullary carcinoma □ □ 12= Papillary carcinoma □ □ 13= Tubular carcinoma
Photocopy report masking patient identifiers	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC) □ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS □ □ 09= Invasive lobular carcinoma □ □ 10= Mucinous carcinoma □ □ 11= Medullary carcinoma □ □ 12= Papillary carcinoma □ □ 13= Tubular carcinoma □ □ 14= Adenoid cystic carcinoma
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC) □ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS □ □ 09= Invasive lobular carcinoma □ □ 10= Mucinous carcinoma □ □ 11= Medullary carcinoma □ □ 12= Papillary carcinoma □ □ 13= Tubular carcinoma □ □ 14= Adenoid cystic carcinoma □ □ 15= Secretory (juvenile) carcinoma
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC) □ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS □ □ 09= Invasive lobular carcinoma □ □ 10= Mucinous carcinoma □ □ 11= Medullary carcinoma □ □ 12= Papillary carcinoma □ □ 13= Tubular carcinoma □ □ 14= Adenoid cystic carcinoma □ □ 15= Secretory (juvenile) carcinoma □ □ 16= Apocrine carcioma
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC) □ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS □ □ 09= Invasive lobular carcinoma □ □ 10= Mucinous carcinoma □ □ 11= Medullary carcinoma □ □ 12= Papillary carcinoma □ □ 13= Tubular carcinoma □ □ 14= Adenoid cystic carcinoma □ □ 15= Secretory (juvenile) carcinoma □ □ 16= Apocrine carcioma □ □ 17= Paget's disease of the nipple
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC) □ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS □ □ 09= Invasive lobular carcinoma □ □ 10= Mucinous carcinoma □ □ 11= Medullary carcinoma □ □ 12= Papillary carcinoma □ □ 13= Tubular carcinoma □ □ 14= Adenoid cystic carcinoma □ □ 15= Secretory (juvenile) carcinoma □ □ 16= Apocrine carcioma □ □ 17= Paget's disease of the nipple □ □ 18= Invasive cancer, NOS
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC) □ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS □ □ 09= Invasive lobular carcinoma □ □ 10= Mucinous carcinoma □ □ 11= Medullary carcinoma □ □ 12= Papillary carcinoma □ □ 13= Tubular carcinoma □ □ 14= Adenoid cystic carcinoma □ □ 15= Secretory (juvenile) carcinoma □ □ 16= Apocrine carcioma □ □ 16= Apocrine carcioma □ □ 17= Paget's disease of the nipple □ □ 18= Invasive cancer, NOS □ □ □ 19= Cystosarcoma phyllodes
	□ □ 04= Intraductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) □ □ 05= Lobular carcinoma in situ (CIS) □ □ 06= CIS not otherwise specified □ □ 07= Invasive ductal carcinoma (DC) □ □ 08= Invasive DC with DCIS □ □ 09= Invasive lobular carcinoma □ □ 10= Mucinous carcinoma □ □ 11= Medullary carcinoma □ □ 12= Papillary carcinoma □ □ 13= Tubular carcinoma □ □ 14= Adenoid cystic carcinoma □ □ 15= Secretory (juvenile) carcinoma □ □ 16= Apocrine carcioma □ □ 17= Paget's disease of the nipple □ □ 18= Invasive cancer, NOS

JFCC -- Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival Abstraction Form, V. February 27, 2002 STAGING (Please flag any conflicting pathology, staging, treatment or follow-up data, & discuss with investigators)

	PLEASE PHOTOCOPY PATHOLOGISTS REPORTS minus patient identifiers
Primary Tumor	☐ TX Primary tumor cannot be assessed
(T)	☐ TO No evidence of primary tumor
	☐ Tis Carcinoma in situ
	☐ T1 Tumor ≤2 cm in greatest dimension
	pT1mic Microinvasion 0.1 cm or less in greatest dimension
	☐ T1a Tumor >0.1 to ≤0.5 cm in greatest dimension
	☐ T1b >0.5 to ≤1 cm in greatest dimension
	☐ T1c >1cm to ≤2 cm in greatest dimension
	T2 Tumor >2 cm to 5 cm
	☐ T3 Tumor >5 cm
	☐ T4 Tumor of any size with direct extension to chest wall or skin
	☐ T4a Extension to chest wall
	☐ T4b Edema or ulceration of the skin or satellite skin nodules confined to same breast
	T4c Both T4a and T4b
	☐ T4d Inflammatory carcinoma
	Paget's disease associated with a tumor is classified by size of the tumor
	☐ Multifocal
Regional Lymph Nodes	NX Regional LN cannot be assessed (e.g., previously removed or were not sampled)
(N)	☐ N0 No regional LN metastasis
,	☐ N1 Spread to movable ipsilateral axillary LN(s)
	N2 Spread to ipsilateral axillary LN(s) fixed to one another or to other structures
	☐ N3 Spread to ipsilateral internal mammary LN(s)
Pathologic Classification	pNX Regional LNs cannot be assessed
(pN)	pNO No regional LN metastasis
	pN1 Metastasis to movable ipsilateral axillary LN(s)
# LN positive	pN1a Only micrometastasis (none larger than 0.2 cm)
	pN1bi Metastasis in 1 to 3 LNs, >0.2 to <2cm in greatest dimension
# LN tested	pN1bii Metastasis to 4 or more LNs, >0.2 to <2cm in greatest dimension
·	pN1biii Extension of tumor beyond capsule of a LN <2 cm in greatest dimension
	□ pN1biv Metastasis to LN ≥2 cm in dimension
	pN2 Metastasis to ipsilateral axillary LNs that are fixed to other LN(s) or structures
Distant Metastasis	□ pN3 Metastasis to ipsilateral internal mammary LN(s) □ MX □ M0 □ M1 (includes metastasis to ipsilateral supraclavicular LN(s)
Distant Motastasis	
	If M=1, what are the number of metastatic organ sites?
	Specify sites (which organs)
What was the TNM stage gro	oup, if O (TIS) O I O II O IIA O IIB O III O IIIA O IIIB
provided?	☐ Stage X (cannot be determined) ☐ Not provided
Histopathologic	X= cannot be assessed \square G1= well differentiated \square G2= moderately differentiated,
	3= poorly differentiated \Box G4= Undifferentiated \Box G9 = Unknown
_	

JFCC -- Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival Abstraction Form, V. February 27, 2002 TREATMENT

Did the patient receive	1 = treatment carried out (mostly at HFHS)			
treatment?	2 = treatment primarily carried out elsewhere			
	3 = treatment interrupted / incomplete			
	4 = treatment advised but refused			
	5 = no treatment advised			
	6 = no treatment given, reasons unknown			
	9 = unknown whether treatment received			
Was the breast cancer treated	If yes, what was the date? (1st if more than one)///			
with SURGERY?	Surgery consisted of			
0 = no 1 = yes 9 = unknown	1 = breast conserving surgery (lumpectomy, wide excision, partial			
	mastectomy, segmental mastectomy or quadrantectomy)			
	2 = total mastectomy without axillary lymph node dissection			
	3 = modified radical mastectomy (simple mastectomy + lymph node dissection)			
	4 = radical mastectomy (includes pectoral muscle dissection)			
	5 = lumpectomy +/- node removal			
Was the breast cancer treated	0 = no 1 = yes 9 = unknown			
with RADIATION?	If yes, what was the start date? / / If yes, what was the start date? _ /_ /			
Was the breast cancer treated	What were the agents?			
with CHEMOTHERAPY?				
(other than tamoxifen)				
0 = no 1 = yes 9 = unknown				
Was tamoxifen given? $0 = no 1 = yo$	es 9 = unknown When was it started?//			
	For what duration was it administered?			
Was the breast cancer treated with HORMONE OR ENDOCRINE THERAPY other than				
tamoxifen? 0 = no 1 = yes If yes, what was the start date?/				
If yes, which of the following ap	oply? (If no mention is made assume the default of "0")			
Ovarian ablation by sur	gery No = 0 Yes = 1			
Ovarian ablation by rad	iation $No = 0$ $Yes = 1$			
Luteinizing-releasing ho	rmone antagonist No = 0 Yes = 1			
Progestins (eg. megestere	ol acetate or medroxyprogesterone acetate) No = 0 Yes = 1			
Estrogens No = 0 Yes	= 1			
Androgens No = 0 Ye	s = 1			
Adrenalectomy No = 0	Yes = 1			
Hypophysectomy No =				

JFCC -- Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival Abstraction Form, V. February 27, 2002 RE\$PONSE and FOLLOW-UP

REST OTISE and TOLEOW CI								
Did cancer recur or spread (local or distant pr	_		-		own			
If yes, When was it 1 st noted?/			where?					
What was the diagnosis of recurrence/progress					cal 3	s=both s	9=not stated	17
Did the patient develop one or more subsequer						,		
0=no 1=yes 9= unknown If yes, Histopat	_				'	<u>, — </u>		
0=no 1=yes 9= unknown If yes, Histopat				Date?	/	/		
Did the patient develop other types of primary				D-4-2		, ,		
0=no 1=yes 9= unknown If yes, type of o				Date? _ Date?		',',-		
0=no 1=yes 9= unknown If yes, type of concer Did the patient develop another type of cancer	hut unlen	ic:	is and a		moto	stosis?		
0=no 1=yes 9= unknown If yes, type of cancer								
0=no 1=yes 9= unknown If yes, type of c				Date?		',',-		
Do the records indicate that the patients died?		ves If	es who					
If patient died, were causes of death described				e causes o				
0 = no 1 = yes	. In yo	s, white	WOIC III	o causes o	ı dodi	.11:		
0 - no 1 - yes								
If the patient was alive at last contact, what w	as the date	of the l	ast cont	act?	/	1	* ***	
ar the patient was the de rest contact, which we								
ALCOHOL USE (documented 5 years	before to	3 year	s after	diagnosi	is)			
Regarding ALCOHOL consumption the re	cords indi	cate th	e follov	ving:				
0 = Abstained from alcohol / No consumption		Date		Date		Date	Date	;
1 = Mild use (past or present) (1-13 drinks/m	onth)							
2 = Moderate use (past or present) (4-14 drink	s/wk)							
3 = Past heavy use (>14 drinks/wk)								
4 = Current heavy use (>14 drinks/wk)		Code	#	Code #		Code #	Cod	e #
5 = Heavy use, not otherwise specified (>14 drinks/wk)								
7 = Alcohol was consumed by not quantified								
8 = record shows "Ø"								
9 = No alcohol data were available								
Drinks/time is a guideline. Drink ~ 1 bottle beer	~ 1 glass w	rine ~ 1	shot of li	quor				
MARIJUANA/CANNIBIS USE (docum	nented 5	vears h	efore t	o 3 vear	s afte	r diagna	nsis)	
Regarding MARIJUANA/CANNIBIS use						i diagii	USAS J	
0 = Non-user	Date	us mun	Date	TOHOWIII	B. Dat	Δ	Date	
1 = Past regular use	Date		Date		Dat		Date	
2 = Current regular use								
3 = Both past and current use	Code #		Code #	4	Cod	e #	Code #	!
8 = record shows "Ø"	Code #		Code	r	000	IC Tr	Code	
9 = No data were available								
7 Tio data word available			l		J			
ILLICIT DRUG USE (documented 5 y	ears befo	re to 3	years a	fter dia	gnosi	is)		
(e.g., cocaine, crack, heroin, or non-spe	cified int	raveno	us dru	gs, etc.)	_			
Regarding ILLICIT DRUG use the record								
0 = Non-user	Date		Date		Dat	e	Date	
1 = Past regular use								
2 = Current regular use	Type of	druo	Type	of drug	Tym	e of drug	Type o	f drug
3 = Both past and current use	Type of	ug	Type (n urug	Typ	or urug	Type o	ı urug
8 = record shows "Ø"	Code #		Code #	4	Coc	lo #	Code #	
	Code #		Code 7	Ŧ	000	ic #	Code #	
9 = No data were available			l		1			

SMOKING HISTORY

Cigarette smoking data were available in the records (documented 5 years before to 3 years after diagnosis) 0=no 1=yes?

If yes, complete for each recording of smoking history that occurs on a different day or in a different record, even if the data appear redundant. If smoking data were not available for the specified time period, then use available smoking data from any time period.

DATE	" Ø " smoking	SMOKER 0=Never 1=Ever	SMOKER 0=Never Smoker 2=Past Smoker 3=Current Smoker	QUIT HOW LONG AGO? (in years, use decimals if needed)	INTENSITY cigarettes/ day	C. INTENSITY packs/day	D. DURATION # of years smoked	C x D = PACK-YEARS SMOKED
				•				
					•			

JFCC -- Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival Abstraction Form, V.February 27, 2002 Please list all medications taken by the patient for 3 years prior to the breast cancer diagnosis.

Medication	Indication why it was given	Estimate Usage 1 = Short term (< 6 months) 2 = Long term (≥ 6 months) 9 = unknown
ITIONAL INFORMATI If the chart information wa	ON / SUMMARY as incomplete or insufficient, check box an	ad specify below. \Box 01=Yes
Comments:	post and an arrangement box and	as specify below.
What is the date on the first	et record for this patient (not limited to th	a lateration of the property o
	mosis, for how many years/months were r	
	years had a gap > 2 year, was it because the	-
		rcle 1 if appropriate)
	to not need to see a doctor: 1 - yes (c)	
Was healthy and di	ewhere? 1 = yes	
Was healthy and di Was being seen else Don't know the rea What is the date on the last	ewhere? 1 = yes	

JFCC -- Hormone Receptors & Breast Cancer Survival Abstraction Form, V.February 27, 2002 COMORBIDITIES

Please document all of the comorbidities (Circle and indicate Yes "= 1") that the patient had a history of in their records from 3 years prior to diagnosis to 6 months following diagnosis or until the first treatment, which ever comes first, regardless of when the comorbidities actually occurred. The comorbidity did not have to have been present during this period, it just needed to be documented in the medical records during this time period. If any information is given as to when the comorbidity or sign/symptom was diagnosed or occurred and its duration, please write it down beside its listing on the abstraction form.

For diagnosis/occurrence, please specify the year or date.

For duration, please specify the number of years/months.

The systems are listed in the following order:

- (1) INFECTIOUS AND PARASITIC DISEASES
- (2) PREVIOUS NEOPLASMS
- (3) ENDOCRINE, NUTRITIONAL/METABOLIC DISEASES, & IMMUNITY DISORDERS
- (4) DISEASES OF THE BLOOD AND BLOOD-FORMING ORGANS
- (5) MENTAL DISORDERS
- (6) DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM & SENSE ORGANS
- (7) DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM
- (8) DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM
- (9) DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM
- (10) DISEASES OF THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM
- (11) COMPLICATIONS OF PREGNANCY, CHILDBIRTH, AND THE PUERPERIUM
- (12) DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE
- (13) DISEASES OF MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM & CONNECTIVE TISSUE
- (14) CONGENITAL ANOMALIES
- (15) CERTAIN CONDITIONS ORIGINATING IN THE PERINATAL PERIOD
- (16) INJURY / TRAUMA & POISONING
- (17) SYMPTOMS & SIGNS of the index cancer, & ILL-DEFINED CONDITIONS

	(1) INFECTIOUS AND PARASITIC DISEASES (ICD 001-139) No = 0 the default, YES = 1
CM1	Tuberculosis Is this a recent infection (< 3 years old) or an active infection under treatment? Yes / No
CM2	Septicemia (except in labor)
CM3	Bacterial infection, unspecified site
CM4	Mycoses
CM5	HIV infection / AIDS
CM6	Hepatitis (infectious, not primarily alcohol-related, see #150) Circle: Hepatitis virus A, B, C, D, E, G, or other.
CM7	Viral infection (not hepatitis)
CM8	Other infections, including parasitic
CM9	Sexually transmitted infections = STD (not HIV or hepatitis)
CM10	(Immunizations and screening for infectious disease, If yes, specify

(2) PREVIOUS NEOPLASMS (ICD 140-239)

CM248 Gangrene

Cancer (CA) of	A. Present	B. Metastasis	C.	D.	E. Yr of
	No=0, Yes=1	No=0, Yes=1	Stage	Histology	diagnosis
CM11 Head & neck					
CM12 Esophagus					· .
CM13 Stomach					
CM14 Colon					
CM15 Rectum & anus					
CM16 Liver & intrahepatic bile duct					
CM17 Pancreas					
CM18 Other gastrointestinal organs, peritoneum					
CM19 Bronchus, lung					
CM20 Other respiratory & intra-thoracic					
CM21 Bone & connective tissue					
CM22 Melanomas of skin			,		
CM23 Other non-epithelial cancer of skin					
CM24 Breast					
CM25 Uterus					
CM26 Cervix	,				
CM27 Ovary					
CM28 Other female genital organs					
CM29 Prostate					
CM30 Testis					
CM31 Other male genital organs					
CM32 Bladder					
CM33 Kidney and renal pelvis					
CM34 Other urinary organs					
CM35 Brain and nervous system					
CM36 Thyroid					
CM37 Hodgkin's disease					
CM38 Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma					
CM39 Leukemias					
CM40 Multiple mycloma					
CM41 Other and unspecified primary					
CM42 Secondary malignancies					
CM43 Malignant neoplasm, unspecified site					
CM44 CA, unspecified/uncertain nature or behavior					7
CM45 Maintenance chemotherapy, radiotherapy		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CM46 Benign neoplasm of uterus, i.e., fibroids		N/A	N/A	IVA	11//1
(leiomyoma; myoma; fibromyoma)		I WA	14/71		
CM47 Other and unspecified benign neoplasm		N/A	N/A		

•	CMBccs.LCA	1, Version Tammemagi, February 27, 200					
(3) ENDOCRINE, N	UTRITIONAL/METABOLIC DISEASES	, & IMMUNITY DISORDERS (ICD 240-279)					
	goiter, hyperthyroidism, hypothyroidism, thy						
	out complication. If yes, is it insulin-dependent						
	complications. If yes, specify, e.g., ketoacid						
	, circulatory, or other/unspecified complication						
If yes, is it insulin-depe							
CM51 Other endocrine disor	ders, e.g., parathyroid, pituitary and its hypoth	nalamic control, adrenal or polyglandular					
disorders, premature or	varian failure (menopause <40 years). If yes, sp	pecify					
CM301 Obesity / hyperalime	ntation documented by physician/clinician/nu	rse in medical records					
CM52 Nutritional deficienci							
CM52B Under-nutrition/mal							
CM54 Gout and other crystal arthropathies, If yes, which of the following apply?							
CM54B Gout, mild or not further specified							
	CM54C Gout with nephropathy						
	with other specific manifestations	The state of the s					
CM54E Other crystal arthropathy							
CM55 Fluid and electrolyte metabolic disorders, If yes, please specify on table below (Circle and indicate Yes = 1)							
Water balance	CM55B Dehydration	CM55C Over-hydration					
Extracellular fluid volume	CM55D Contraction	CM55E Expansion / Overload					
Sodium (Na) CM55F Hyponatremia CM55G Hypernatremia CM55H Hyporatogomic) CM55H Hyporatogomic)							
	Potassium (K) CM55H Hypokalemia (hypopotassemia) CM55I Hyperkalemia (hyperpotassemia)						
Calcium (Ca)							
Phosphate (P)							
Magnesium (Mg)							
Acid-Base Metabolism							
	CM55R Respiratory Acidosis CM55S Respiratory Alkalosis						
Others, specify CM55T							
CM202 Disarday of minaral	matabalism including iron inding fluoring s	ing abramium salanium manganasa					
	CM302 Disorder of mineral metabolism, including iron, iodine, fluorine, zinc, chromium, selenium, manganese, molybdenum, & copper. If yes, specify						
CM56 Cystic fibrosis	i. If yes, specify						
	If yes, specify						
CM253 Allergic reactions	in yes, specify						
CM303 Amyloidosis							
	docrine, and metabolic disorders, If yes, spec	rify					
Chizo Other Matritional, ch	docume, and metabolic disorders, if yes, spec						
(4) DISEASES OF	THE BLOOD AND BLOOD-FORMING	G ORGANS (ICD 280-289)					
	or unspecified anemia	, 011011110 (100 200 200)					
CM60 Acute post-hemorrha							
CM61 Sickle cell anemia	B						
CM62 Coagulation and hem	orrhagic disorders						
CM63 Diseases of white bloo							
	nditions, including spleen disorders						
•							
(5) MENTAL DISO	RDERS (ICD 290-319)						
CM65 Mental retardation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•					
	al disorders, including acute intoxication, dep	endency or abuse.					
		mine, hallucinogen, opioid, cocaine or other or					

- mixed drug dependence or abuse. Specify which drugs were used
- CM68 Senility and organic mental disorders, including senile and arteriosclerotic dementia, Alzheimer's disease.
- CM69 Affective disorders, including depressive disorder, bipolar affective disorder, manic-depressive psychosis.
- CM70 Schizophrenia and related disorders
- CM71 Other psychoses
- CM72 Anxiety, somatoform, dissociative, and personality disorders
- CM73 Preadult disorders
- CM74 Other mental conditions
- CM75 Personal history of mental disorder, mental & behavioral problems, observation/screening for mental condition

(6) DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM & SENSE ORGANS (ICD 320-389)

CENT	RAL NERVOUS SYSTEM
CM76	Meningitis (except that caused by tuberculosis or sexually transmitted disease)
CM77	Encephalitis (except that caused by tuberculosis or sexually transmitted disease)
CM78	Other CNS infection and poliomyelitis If yes, specify
	Parkinson's disease
	Multiple sclerosis
CM81	Other hereditary & degenerative nervous system conditions, e.g., ALS. If yes, specify
CM82	Paralysis (except that secondary to cerebrovascular diseases which goes under # 113)
CM83	Epilepsy, convulsions
	Headache, including migraine
CM85	Coma, stupor, and brain damage
EYE	Comu, stapos, and brain damings
CM86	Cataract
CM87	Retinal detachments, defects, vascular occlusion, and retinopathy
CM88	Glaucoma
	Blindness and vision defects
	Inflammation, infection of eye (except that caused by tuberculosis or sexually transmitted disease)
	Near-sightedness (myopia), far-sightedness (hyperopia), astigmatism or needing reading glasses (presbyopia)
	Other eye disorders If yes, specify
	TORY SYSTEM & OTHERS
CM92	· ·
CM93	Conditions associated with dizziness or vertigo
CM94	Other ear and sense organ disorders If yes, specify
01,42	
CM95	Other nervous system disorders If yes, specify
01.130	
	(7) DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM (ICD 390-459)
CM96	Heart valve disorders ,
	Peri-, endo-, and myocarditis, cardiomyopathy (except that caused by tuberculosis or STD)
	Essential hypertension
	Hypertension with complications and secondary hypertension If yes, specify
CM100	Myocardial infarction How long ago was most recent MI? years months prior to cancer diagnosis.
	Coronary atherosclerosis and other heart disease
	Angina (non-specific or non-angina chest pain is coded under #322)
	Pulmonary heart disease (cor pulmonale)
	Other or ill-defined heart disease
	Conduction disorders
	Cardiac dysrhythmias / arrhythmias
	Cardiac arrest or ventricular fibrillation
	Congestive heart failure
	Acute cerebrovascular disease
	Occlusion or stenosis of precerebral arteries
	Other and ill-defined cerebrovascular disease
	Transient cerebral ischemia
	Late effects of cerebrovascular disease, i.e., plegia or hemiplegia
	Peripheral and visceral atherosclerosis
	Aortic, peripheral, & visceral artery aneurysms,
CHILLE	CM115B If yes, where was it located?
	CM115C What was its size? cm.
	CM115D Was it surgically corrected? No = 0, Yes = 1.
CM116	
	Other circulatory disease, including hypotension
	Phlebitis, thrombophlebitis and thromboembolism
	Varicose veins of lower extremity
	Hemorrhoids
	Other diseases of veins and lymphatics
~	A treat minimum of 1 area min of the formation

. •	(a) DIGD AGEG OF THE DECRED ATORY GYGTERA (ICD AGC 510)
	(8) DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM (ICD 460-519)
	Pneumonia (except that caused by tuberculosis or sexually transmitted disease)
	Influenza
	Acute and chronic tonsillitis
CM125	Acute bronchitis
	Other upper respiratory infections, If yes, specify
CM127	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease & bronchiectasis, If yes, specify:
	CM127B COPD otherwise not specified
	CM127C Emphysema
	CM127D Chronic bronchitis
	CM127E Bronchiectasis
CM128	Asthma
	Pulmonary fibrosis / interstitial lung diseases
	Aspiration pneumonitis, food/vomitus
	Pleurisy, pneumothorax, pulmonary collapse (atelectasis)
	Respiratory failure, insufficiency, arrest (adult)
	Lung disease due to external agents, including pneumoconioses, e.g., anthracosis, silicosis, asbestosis, berylliosis,
CMIISE	siderosis, stannosis, & baritosis.
CM133	Other lower respiratory disease
	Other upper respiratory disease
CM134	Other upper respiratory disease
	(a) Dide (ded OF Tive Didective Guardin (Lab 200 200)
	(9) DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM (ICD 520-579)
	Intestinal infection
	Disorders of teeth and jaw
	Diseases of mouth, excluding dental
	Esophageal disorders
CM139	Gastroduodenal ulcer (except hemorrhage)
CM140	Gastritis and duodenitis
CM141	Other disorders of stomach and duodenum
CM142	Appendicitis and other appendiceal conditions
CM143	Abdominal hernia, If yes, was it accompanied by obstruction or gangrene? No = 0, Yes = 1.
CM144	Regional enteritis and ulcerative colitis, including inflammatory bowel diseases, such as Crohn's disease &
	ulcerative colitis.
CM145	Intestinal obstruction without hernia, e.g., paralytic ileus, impaction, adhesions. If yes, specify
CM146	Diverticulosis and diverticulitis
CM147	Anal and rectal conditions
CM148	Peritonitis and intestinal abscess
CM149	Biliary tract disease, e.g., cholecystitis, cholelithiasisis
	Liver disease, alcohol-related
	Other liver diseases, e.g., liver disease or cirrhosis without mention of alcohol, liver abscess, ascites.
	Pancreatic disorders (not diabetes)
	Gastrointestinal hemorrhage If yes, specify
	Noninfectious gastroenteritis
	Other gastrointestinal disorders, e.g., constipation, dysphagia. If yes, specify
CHILLE	
	(10) DISEASES OF THE GENITOURINARY SYSTEM (580-629)
CMIEC	Manhaitia manhassia manal salamasia Ifara masifi
CM150	Nephritis, nephrosis, renal sclerosis, If yes, specify
	Acute and unspecified renal failure
CM158	Chronic renal failure
CM335	Has the patient had dialysis? If yes, earliest date and last date Urinary tract infections, If yes, specify if of kidney or cystitis/urethritis:
CM159	Urinary tract infections, If yes, specify if of kidney or cystitis/urethritis:
CM160	Calculus of urinary tract (urolithiasis) If yes, specify if of kidney or ureter or bladder:
	is the composition?: calcium oxalate; uric acid; cystine; struvite = magnesium ammonium phosphate, other, unknown.
	Other diseases of kidney and ureters, e.g., hydronephrosis
	Other diseases of bladder and urethra
	Genitourinary symptoms and ill-defined conditions, e.g., hematuria, dysuria, retention of urine.
DISEA	ASES OF THE MALE GENITAL ORGANS
CM164	Hyperplasia of prostate
CM165	Inflammatory conditions of male genital organs, If yes, specify
CM166	Other male genital disorders, If yes, specify

DISEASES OF THE FEMALE GENITAL ORGANS CM167 Nonmalignant breast conditions CM168 Inflammatory diseases of female pelvic organs, e.g., pelvic peritoneal adhesions, cervicitis / endocervicitis, pelvic inflammatory disease (including endometritis, salpingitis and opporitis). If yes, specify CM169 Endometriosis CM170 Prolapse of female genital organs CM171 Menstrual disorders CM172 Ovarian cyst CM173 Menopausal disorders CM174 Female infertility CM175 Other female genital disorders (11) COMPLICATIONS OF PREGNANCY, CHILDBIRTH, AND THE PUERPERIUM (IDC 630-677) CM176 Contraceptive and procreative management CM177 Spontaneous abortion CM178 Induced abortion CM179 Post-abortion complications CM180 Ectopic pregnancy CM181 Other complications of pregnancy, e.g., genitourinary infection during pregnancy, anemia during pregnancy, mental disorder during pregnancy, missed abortion, hyperemesis gravidarum, infectious/parasitic complications in mother affecting pregnancy. If yes, specify CM182 Hemorrhage during pregnancy, abruptio placenta, placenta previa CM183 Hypertension complicating pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium, e.g., preeclampsian/eclampsia. CM184 Early or threatened labor CM185 Prolonged pregnancy CM186 Diabetes or abnormal glucose tolerance complicating pregnancy, childbirth, or the puerperium CM187 Malposition, malpresentation CM188 Fetopelvic disproportion, obstruction CM189 Previous cesarean section CM190 Fetal distress and abnormal forces of labor, e.g., fetal distress, uterine inertia, precipitate labor. CM191 Polyhydramnios & other problems of amniotic cavity, e.g., premature rupture of membranes, infection of amnion. CM192 Umbilical cord complication CM193 Trauma to perineum and vulva CM194 Forceps delivery CM195 Other complications of birth, puerperium affecting management of mother, e.g., postpartum hemorrhage, cervical incompetence, rhesus isoimmunization, interuterine death, failed induction. CM196 Normal pregnancy and/or delivery (12) DISEASES OF THE SKIN AND SUBCUTANEOUS TISSUE (ICD 680-709) CM197 Skin and subcutaneous tissue infections, e.g., cellulitis or abscess. CM198 Other inflammatory condition of skin CM199 Chronic ulcer of skin CM200 Other skin disorders (13) DISEASES OF MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM & CONNECTIVE TISSUE (ICD 710-739) CM201 Infective arthritis and osteomyelitis (except that caused by tuberculosis or sexually transmitted disease) CM202 Rheumatoid arthritis and related disease CM203 Osteoarthritis CM204 Other non-traumatic joint disorders (place gout and other crystalline metabolic arthropathic disorders in #54) CM205 Spondylosis, intervertebral disc disorders, other back problems CM206 Osteoporosis CM206B Osteopenia CM207 Pathological fracture CM208 Acquired foot deformities CM209 Other acquired deformities CM210 Systemic lupus erythematosus and connective tissue disorders CM211 Other connective tissue disease CM212 Other bone disease and musculoskeletal deformities CM305 Limb amputation, If yes, then check if #254 applies.

CM339 Hip replacement

(14) CONGENITAL ANOMALIES (ICD 740-759)

- CM213 Cardiac and circulatory congenital anomalies
- CM214 Digestive congenital anomalies
- CM215 Genitourinary congenital anomalies
- CM216 Nervous system congenital anomalies
- CM217 Other congenital anomalies

(15) CERTAIN CONDITIONS ORIGINATING IN THE PERINATAL PERIOD (ICD 760-779)

- CM218 Liveborn
- CM219 Short gestation, low birth weight, and fetal growth retardation
- CM220 Intrauterine hypoxia and birth asphyxia
- CM221 Respiratory distress syndrome
- CM222 Hemolytic jaundice and perinatal jaundice
- CM223 Birth trauma
- CM224 Other perinatal conditions

(16) INJURY / TRAUMA & POISONING (800-999)

- CM225 Joint disorders and dislocations, trauma-related
- CM226 Fracture of neck of femur (hip)
- CM227 Spinal cord injury
- CM228 Skull and face fractures
- CM229 Fracture of upper limb
- CM230 Fracture of lower limb
- CM231 Other fractures
- CM232 Sprains and strains
- CM233 Intracranial injury
- CM234 Crushing injury or internal injury
- CM235 Open wounds of head, neck, and trunk
- CM236 Open wounds of extremities
- CM237 Complication of device, implant or graft
- CM238 Complications of surgical procedures or medical care
- CM239 Superficial injury, contusion
- CM240 Burns
- CM241 Poisoning by psychotropic agents
- CM242 Poisoning by other medications and drugs
- CM243 Poisoning by nonmedicinal substances
- CM244 Other injuries and conditions due to external causes
- CM306 Gunshot injury

(17) SYMPTOMS & SIGNS of the index cancer, & ILL-DEFINED CONDITIONS (ICD 780-799)

CM307A Prior to the index cancer under study, was the patient symptomatic. No=0, Yes=1.

CM307B If symptomatic, what was the duration of symptoms? ____ months.

If symptomatic, complete the table below.

GENERAL CM245 Syncope, fainting CM249 Shock CM252 Fatigue and malaise, i.e., tiredness, weakness, lethargy CM246 Fever, tumor-related or of unknown origin CM308 Chills, sweats, night sweats, diaphoresis (excess or profuse perspiration) CM309 Weight loss (unintentional) How many pounds were lost?, Over how many months? Was weight loss intentional (i.e., due to dieting)? = 0, or was it disease related? = 1 CM250 Nausea, vomiting, emesis CM311 Heartburn CM313 Jaundice, icterus RESPIRA- TORY / CHEST CM312 Upper respiratory symptoms, epistaxis CM313 Throat symptoms, e.g., dysphagia, difficulty swallowing, sore throat, swollen throat, hiccups, choking sensation, hoarseness (rough or harsh quality of voice), dysphonia (any impairment of voice, a difficulty in speaking) CM314 Cough CM315 Dyspnea, shortness of breath (SOB), excertional dyspnea, orthopnea (inability to breath except in an upright position) CM316 Wheezing (i.e., whistling noises, high pitch, made during breathing) or Stridor (a harsh sound, audile without a stethoscope and predominantly inspiratory, often from obstruction) CM317 Respiratory congestion CM318 Hemoptysis (coughing up blood from the respiratory tract) CM320 Cyanosis CM321 Hemoptysis (coughing up blood from the respiratory tract) CM320 Cyanosis CM321 Finger clubbing PAIN CM251 Abdominal pain CM322 Other pain, e.g., arthralgia, neuralgia, pain in extremities. NODES, MASSES, SWELLINGS NODES, MA		
CM252 Fatigue and malaise, i.e., tiredness, weakness, lethargy CM246 Fever, tumor-related or of unknown origin CM308 Chills, sweats, night sweats, diaphoresis (excess or profuse perspiration) CM309 Weight loss (unintentional) How many pounds were lost?, Over how many months? Was weight loss (unintentional) (i.e., due to dieting)? = 0, or was it disease related? = 1 CM250 Nausea, vomiting, emesis CM310 Anorexia, loss of appetite, decreased appetite CM311 Hearthurn CM336 Jaundice, icterus CM312 Upper respiratory symptoms, epistaxis CM313 Throat symptoms, e.g., dysphagia, difficulty swallowing, sore throat, swollen throat, hiccups, choking sensation, hoarseness (rough or harsh quality of voice), dysphonia (any impairment of voice, a difficulty in speaking) CM314 Cough CM315 Dyspnea, shortness of breath (SOB), excertional dyspnea, orthopnea (inability to breath except in an upright position) CM316 Wheezing (i.e., whistling noises, high pitch, made during breathing) or Stridor (a harsh sound, audible without a stethoscope and predominantly inspiratory, often from obstruction) CM317 Respiratory congestion CM319 Hemoptysis (coughing up blood from the respiratory tract) CM320 Cyanosis CM319 Hemoptysis (coughing up blood from the respiratory tract) CM321 Abdominal pain CM322 Chest pain other than angina CM323 Pain of the shoulder CM325 Uther pain, e.g., arthralgia, neuralgia, pain in extremities. NODES, MASSES, SWELLINGS CM326 Lymphadenopathy or palpable mass or "can feel mass". CM327 Swelling / edema CM329 Diziness CM321 Dysmetria (improper measuring of distance or range of movement in muscular action) CM331 Dysmetria (improper measuring of distance or range of movement in muscular action) CM331 Dysmetria (improper measuring of distance or range of movement in muscular action) CM333 Neurologic symptoms & signs as a presenting sign/symptom of the index cancer	GENERAL	
CM368 Chills, sweats, night sweats, diaphoresis (excess or profuse perspiration) CM309 Weight loss (unintentional) How many pounds were lost?, Over how many months? Was weight loss intentional (i.e., due to dieting)? = 0, or was it disease related? = 1 CM250 Nausea, vomitting, emesis CM310 Anorexia, loss of appetite, decreased appetite CM311 Heartburn CM336 Jaundice, icterus RESPIRA- TORY / CHEST CM312 Upper respiratory symptoms, epistaxis CM312 Upper respiratory symptoms, epistaxis CM313 Throat symptoms, e.g., dysphagia, difficulty swallowing, sore throat, swollen throat, hiccups, choking sensation, hoarseness (rough or harsh quality of voice), dysphonia (any impairment of voice, a difficulty in speaking) CM314 Cough CM315 Dyspnea, shortness of breath (SOB), excertional dyspnea, orthopnea (inability to breath except in an upright position) CM316 Wheezing (i.e., whistling noises, high pitch, made during breathing) or Stridor (a harsh sound, audible without a stethoscope and predominantly inspiratory, often from obstruction) CM317 Respiratory congestion CM318 Palpitations CM319 Hemoptysis (coughing up blood from the respiratory tract) CM320 Cyanosis CM321 Finger clubbing PAIN CM251 Abdominal pain CM323 Pain of the back CM324 Pain of the shoulder CM325 Other pain, e.g., arthralgia, neuralgia, pain in extremities. NODES, MASSES, SWELLINGS CM327 Lymphadenopathy or palpable mass or "can feel mass" SWelling / edema NEURO- MUSCULAR & MENTAL CM328 Headache as a presenting sign/symptom of the index cancer Diziness CM331 Dysmetria (improper measuring of distance or range of movement in muscular action) CM331 Dysmetria (improper measuring of distance or range of movement in muscular action) CM331 Neurologic symptoms & signs as a presenting sign/symptom of the index cancer		
CM308 Chills, sweats, night sweats, diaphoresis (excess or profuse perspiration) CM309 Weight loss (unintentional) How many pounds were lost?, Over how many months? Was weight loss intentional (i.e., due to dieting)? = 0, or was it disease related? = 1 CM250 Nausea, vomiting, emesis CM311 Heartburn CM336 Jaundice, icterus CM311 Heartburn CM313 Throat symptoms, ep, dysphagia, difficulty swallowing, sore throat, swollen throat, hiccups, choking sensation, hoarseness (rough or harsh quality of voice), dysphonia (any impairment of voice, a difficulty in speaking) CM314 Cough CM315 Dyspnea, shortness of breath (SOB), excertional dyspnea, orthopnea (inability to breath except in an upright position) CM316 Wheezing (i.e., whistling noises, high pitch, made during breathing) or Stridor (a harsh sound, audible without a stethoscope and predominantly inspiratory, often from obstruction) CM317 Respiratory congestion CM318 Palpitations CM319 Hemoptysis (coughing up blood from the respiratory tract) CM320 Cyanosis CM321 Finger clubbing PAIN CM251 Abdominal pain CM323 Pain of the shoulder CM324 Pain of the shoulder CM325 Other pain, e.g., arthralgia, neuralgia, pain in extremities. NODES, MASSES, SWELLINGS NEURO- MUSCULAR & MENTAL CM328 Headache as a presenting sign/symptom of the index cancer CM329 Diziness Eye / ophthalmic symptoms & signs, e.g., blurred vision, diplopia, photophobia. CM331 Dysmetria (improper measuring of distance or range of movement in muscular action) CM331 Mental changes as a presenting sign/symptom of the index cancer CM333 Mental changes as a presenting sign/symptom of the index cancer		
CM309 Weight loss (unintentional) How many pounds were lost?Over how many months?		
GASTRO- INTESTINAL CM250 Nausea, vomiting, emesis CM310 Anorexia, loss of appetite, decreased appetite CM311 Heartburn CM312 Upper respiratory symptoms, epistaxis CM313 Throat symptoms, e.g., dysphagia, difficulty swallowing, sore throat, swollen throat, hiccups, choking sensation, hoarseness (rough or harsh quality of voice), dysphonia (any impairment of voice, a difficulty in speaking) CM314 Cough CM315 Dyspnea, shortness of breath (SOB), excertional dyspnea, orthopnea (inability to breath except in an upright position) CM316 Wheezing (i.e., whistling noises, high pitch, made during breathing) or Stridor (a harsh sound, audible without a stethoscope and predominantly inspiratory, often from obstruction) CM317 Respiratory congestion CM318 Palpitations CM319 Hemoptysis (coughing up blood from the respiratory tract) CM320 Cyanosis CM321 Finger clubbing PAIN CM251 Abdominal pain CM322 Chest pain other than angina CM323 Pain of the back CM324 Pain of the shoulder CM325 Other pain, e.g., arthralgia, neuralgia, pain in extremities. NODES, MASSES, SWELLINGS NEURO- MUSCULAR & MENTAL CM328 Headache as a presenting sign/symptom of the index cancer CM329 Diziness CM321 Dysmetria (improper measuring of distance or range of movement in muscular action) CM331 Introduced in the story of the index cancer CM332 Mental changes as a presenting sign/symptom of the index cancer CM331 Neurologic symptoms & signs sa presenting sign/symptom of the index cancer		
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CM333 Neurologic symptoms & signs as a presenting sign/symptom of the index cancer		
OTHER CM334 Alopecia, hair loss		
	OTHER	CM334 Alopecia, hair loss

CM254 Rehabilitation care, fitting of prostheses, and adjustment of devices

	(17) UNCLASSIFIED, continued		
CM259	Residual codes, unclassified		
	Other: Describe		

[Highest numbers as of Jan 30, 2002 are CM337 (myopia, hyperopia, astigmatism, presbyopia)], 338 Insomnia, 339 hip replacement]